



ISIS

TRAINING & SIMULATION INDUSTRY SYMPOSIUM

6-7 JUNE 2018

DOUBLETREE BY HILTON AT UNIVERSAL

Orlando, FL



AFMC



ACC-ORLANDO



ARL-ORLANDO



NAWCTSD



PEO STRI



PM TRASYS

AFMC



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SML, Simulators Program Office



OVERVIEW

- Program Office Overview, challenges, and org structure
- What's on the plate
- Boston
- Vision
- OTI
- End state



Simulators Program Office Overview

- Approximately 480 members strong
- Manage 50+ programs and provide direct support to 8 MAJCOMs across the air & SOF domains



- Portfolio includes 2,300+ Training devices and configurations worldwide
- In FY17, executed >650 contract actions and managed \$2.7B across 9 different appropriations



Simulators Program Office Challenges

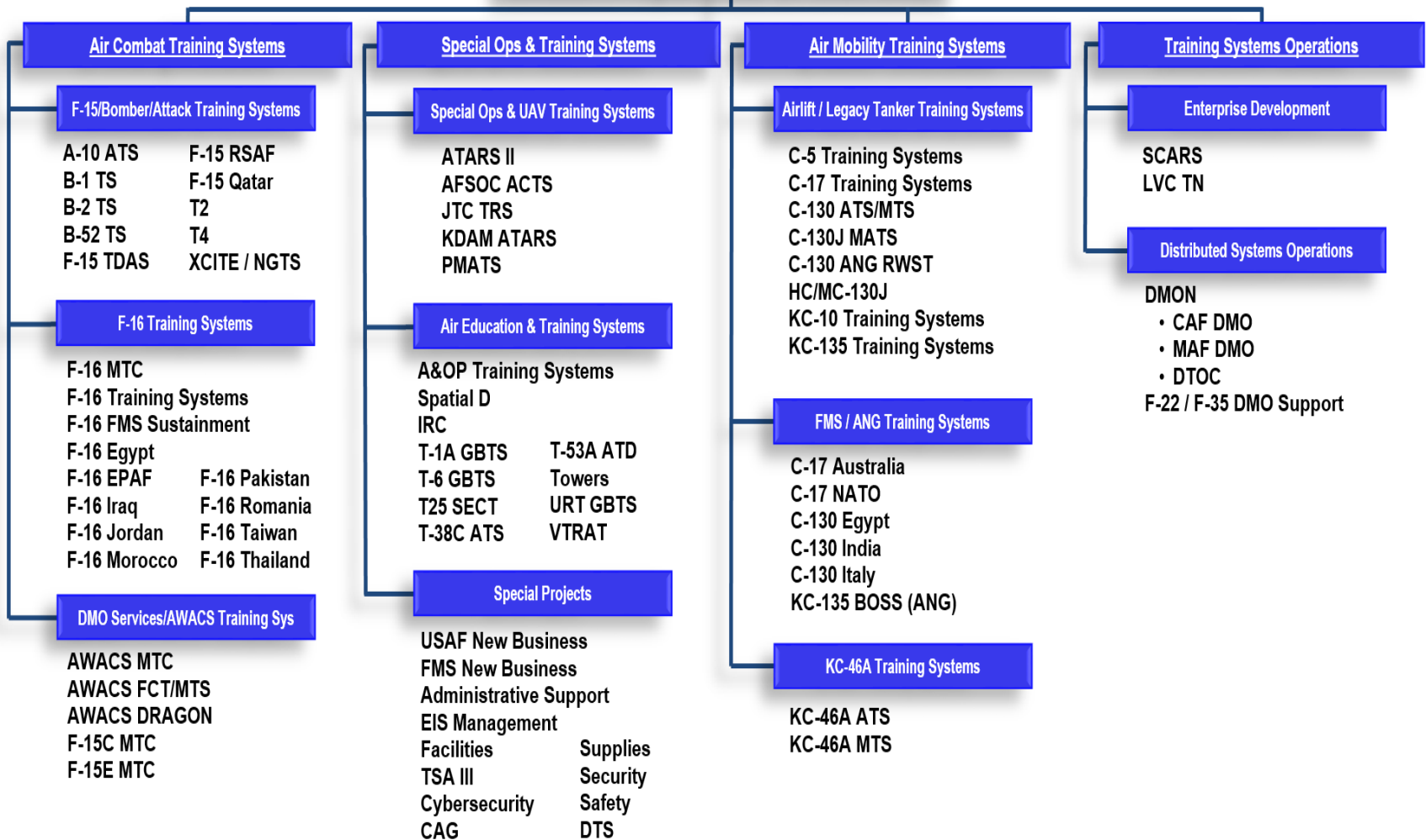
- Managing diverse and dissimilar portfolio of simulator programs
- Balancing ops tempo, source selections, and training continuum
- Resource constraints
- Hardware and software obsolescence
- Cyber compliance difficult with 2,300+ training devices (most in sustainment) with a wide variation of configurations
 - Exacerbated by procurement approach
 - Not bought in lots (i.e., aircraft production)
 - Incrementally procured over decades to meet platform's operational training requirements





Simulators Program Office

Simulators Program Office (AFLCMC/WNS)



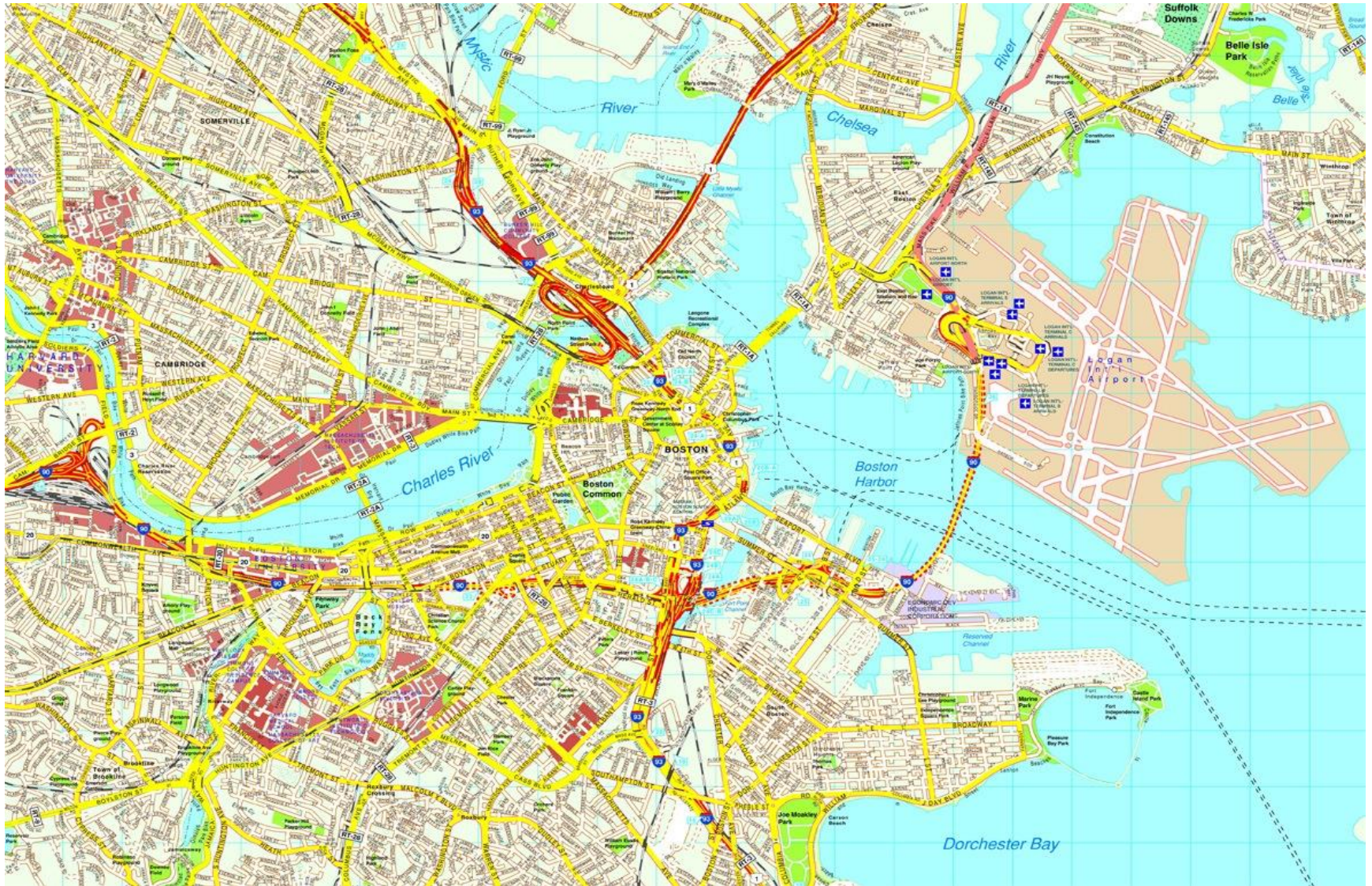


What's on the Plate

- Many source selections on the horizon or underway
 - B-52 Training System
 - F-16 Simulator Training Program
 - KC-135 Training System
 - C-130 Training System
 - B-1 Training System
 - KC-10 Training System
 - PMATS
 - SCARS
 - C-130J MATS
 - MAF DMO



Boston





Vision



- Star Trek, Mirror, Mirror, Season 2, Episode 4



- Gen Goldfein, CSAF, during AFA Air Warfare Symposium

“In every revolution,
there is one man with
a vision”

“Does it connect?
Good. Does it share?
Better. Does it learn?
Perfect.”



AF OTI 2035 Flight Plan

Tackling Each Problem (5 Sep 2017)

Vision – “...a realistic, integrated training environment that allows our forces to train in an operationally and tactically relevant employment scheme to achieve and sustain full-spectrum readiness.”



Air Force has identified 13 OTI LOEs required to achieve the OTI vision.

1. Funding Strategy
2. Human Capital Plan
3. Synthetic-to-live capability
4. Data and Technical Standards
5. Acquisition Policy
6. Acquisition Oversight
7. Institutionalize OTI
8. Relevant Threat Environment
9. Quality Metrics
10. Joint Interoperability
11. Multinational Interoperability
12. Common Architecture
13. Exercise Oversight



Must Transform

We can't get there from here!

- Some challenges/areas to consider:
 - Differing underlying hardware/software configurations
 - Baselines managed individually by platform
 - Obsolescence
 - Current fleet of simulators were never designed to work together
- “In short, the current operational training infrastructure does not provide many of our operators with realistic and relevant operational training environments.”

AF OTI Flight Plan



F-22 & F35



Simulators



KC-46



Space



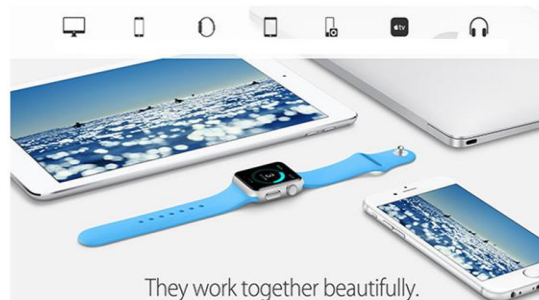
Stove-piped/Vulnerable



Must Transform

Simulators should look a lot more like smart phones...

- Smart phones have largely standardized into one of two dominant designs: Apple iPhone and Android
 - Customer reqmts satisfied via “Apps” that ride on architecture
 - Architectures governed by standards and defined interfaces
- Training devices must adopt a similar paradigm
 - Common underlying architectures--economies of scale
 - Hardware, software, application, firmware all considered
 - Modularity supports rapid update pace driven by cyber threat
 - Reduced regression testing





Vision for OTI 2035

OTI Ecosystem

New ecosystem provides a common training environment for all operational training and allow us to restore readiness and conduct mission rehearsals.



Brachiate



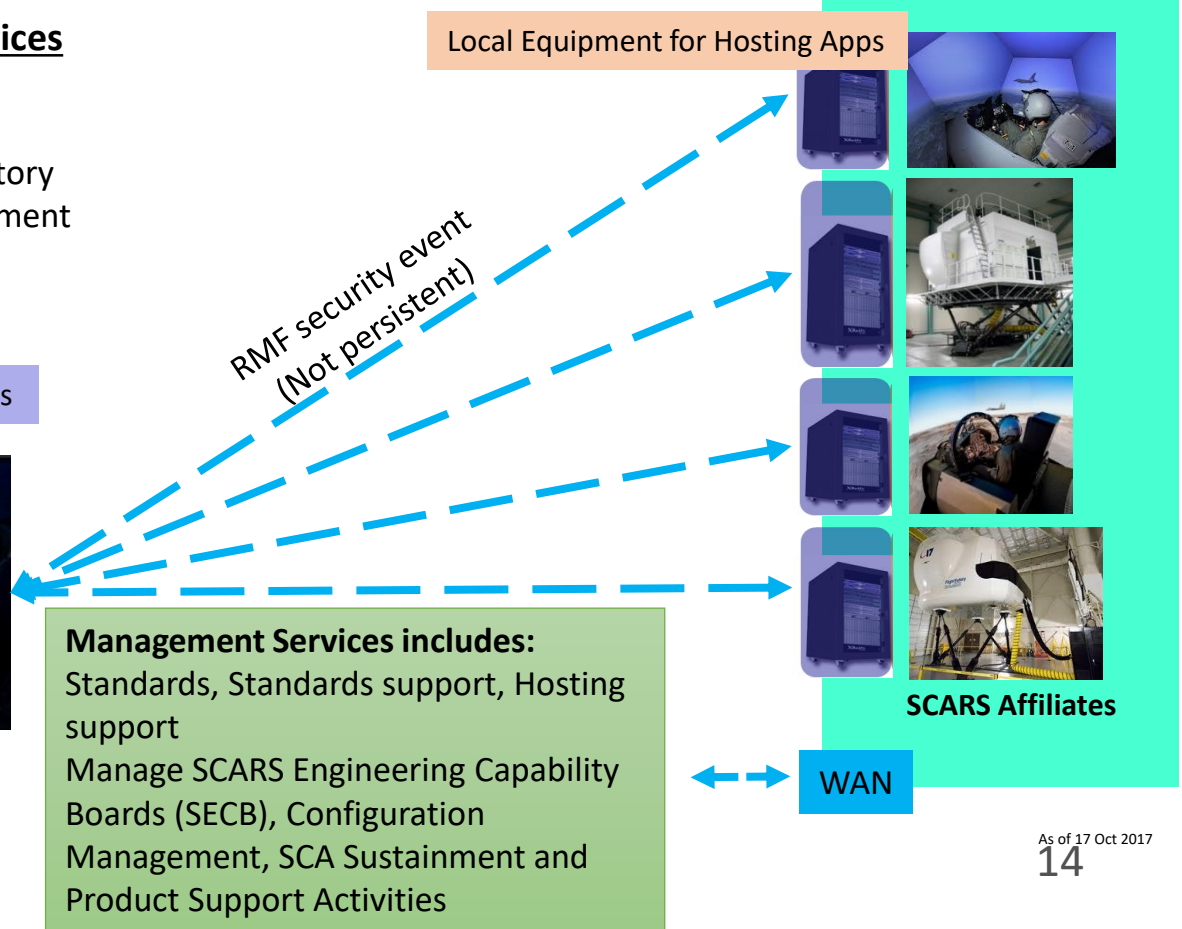


Initial SCARS Increment

Centralized Equipment and Services



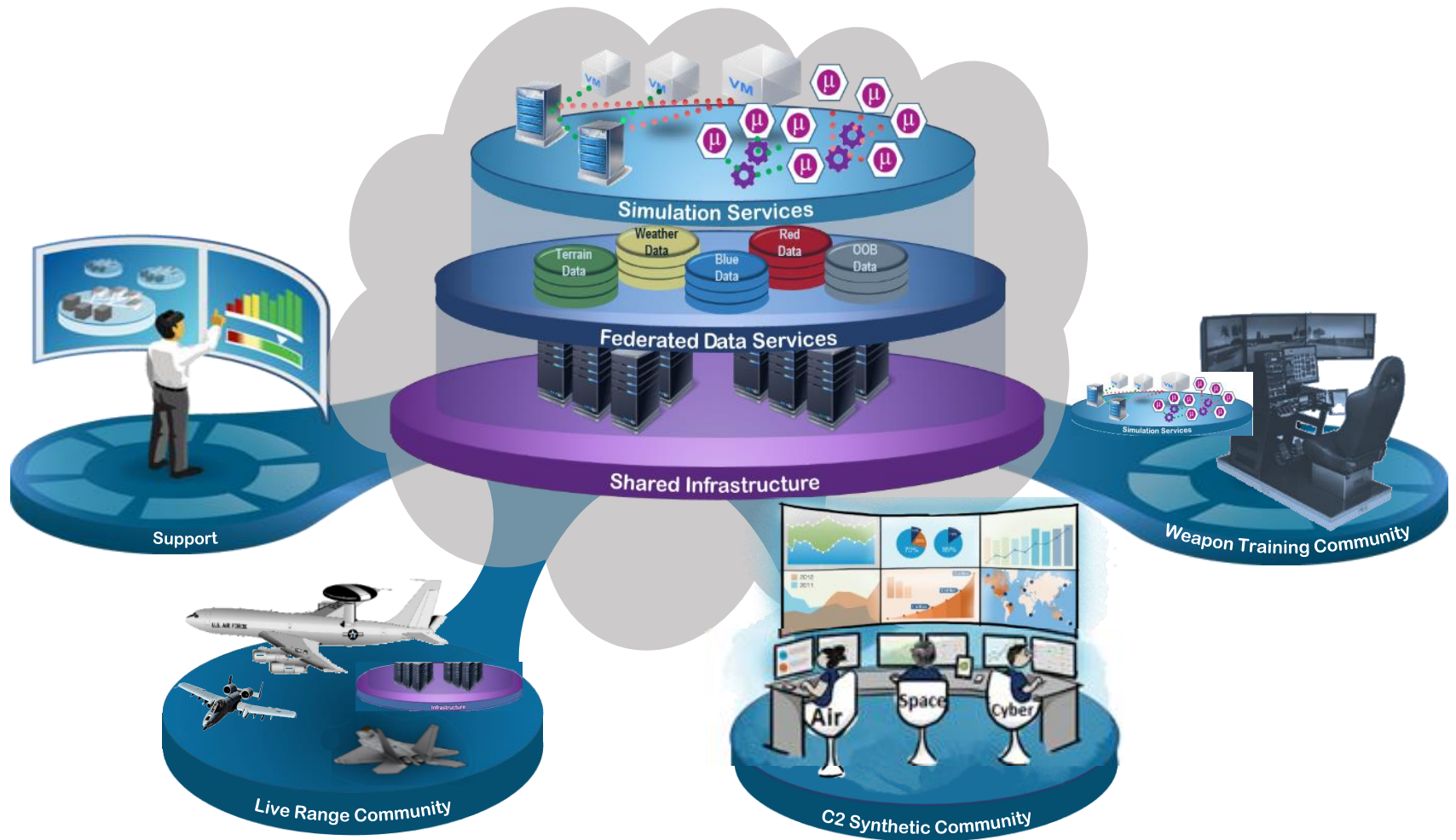
Local Equipment for Hosting Apps





Supporting OT Segments

Multiple Users - Organized - Common Framework





Value Proposition

- Build a foundation that is cyber hardened and secure
 - Responsive to cyber updates without excessive regression testing burden
- Achieve agility via modularity → Deliver capabilities to Warfighter faster
 - Increases ability to remain concurrent with aircraft updates
- Reduce training system development and sustainment life cycle costs
 - Realize economy of scale → One change upgrades many systems
- Establish open architecture requirements and standards
 - Leverage industry's best practices/products while reserving government purpose rights
 - Minimize proprietary "vendor lock"

*Gain efficiency by establishing a common foundation which eliminates duplication
Focusing on developing commons and standards that support training requirements*

