

# CMMC Update: Implementation Timeline and Impact

### **Current As Of: August 2023**

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### **TODAY'S SPEAKERS**





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# Secure Your Networks and Systems In Physical Space and Cyberspace



- Secure your Networks. Now
- Contractual obligation to comply with National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) 800-171Rev2
  - Companies not complying sufficiently under current regulation
  - Does not negate obligation to meet the contractual requirements
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### **But First, Timeline for Implementation...**



#### Jacob Horne

- Sum IT Up: Major CMMC Rulemaking Updates: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z\_4dW8U3QYQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z\_4dW8U3QYQ</a>
- CMMC AB podcast: <a href="https://cyberab.org/News-Events/Town-Halls/Details/july-2023-town-hall">https://cyberab.org/News-Events/Town-Halls/Details/july-2023-town-hall</a>
- ~3:45 Jacob begins his overview
- Outlines the process
- Researched previous OMB Regulatory Review
- Analyzed and Estimated: Final Rule Publication Q1 CY25 / Q2 FY25
- Added to contracts via "Phased roll-out"
- Politically: After Inauguration



### **Updated CMMC Model & Assessment Guides**



- Posted on Office of Management and Budget (OMB)
   Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA)
   website
- DRAFTS marked for Distribution A, Public Release
- Highlighted by user in Sweden
- Removed within hours



### **False Start**



Assessment guides levels 1-3

Scoping documents levels 1-3

Hashing guideline





### False start - What we learned









THERE IS A [SMALL]
CHANCE OF A LEVEL 2
SELF-ASSESSMENT



LEVEL 3 ASSESSMENTS ARE PERFORMED BY DIBCAC



NIST 800-171 REV 2 IS EXPLICITLY REFERENCED



# Level 2 Scoping Guide – External Service Providers (ESPs)



#### **External Service Provider Considerations**

An External Service Provider (ESP) can be within the scope CMMC requirements if it meets CUI Asset and/or Security Protection Asset criteria. **To be considered an ESP, data** (specifically CUI or Security Protection Data, e.g., log data, configuration data) must reside on the ESP assets as set forth in 32 CFR § 170.19(d). Special considerations in 32 CFR § 170.19(c)(2) for an OSA/OSC using an ESP include the following:

- Defines (yes/no questions) organizations that qualify as ESP
- Good hygiene practices can limit "ESP scope"
- Only systems that process, handle or store CI or Security Protection data / affect confidentiality of CUI



### **Level 2 Scoping Guide - ESPs**



- If the OSA utilizes an ESP other than a CSP, the ESP must have a CMMC Level 2 Certification as set forth in 32 CFR § 170.19(b)(2).
- Introduces requirement for CMMC Level 2 certification of EXTERNAL SERVICE PROVIDERS
- Solves assessment issue where multiple independent information systems are reviewed during OSA's assessment
- Assessors simply check certification status of ESPs



# Level 2 Scoping Guide – Security Protection Assets (SPAs)



Security Protection Assets provide security functions or capabilities within the OSA's CMMC Assessment Scope

Security Protection Assets are part of the CMMC Assessment Scope and are assessed against all CMMC requirements. For example, an External Service Provider (ESP, defined in 32 CFR)

- Clarifies DoD expects full security for Security Protection Assets (SPAs)
- Conflicts with existing precedent / has not been tested during past DIBCAC assessments of 800-171 compliance
- Expands burden of proof 3x or more compared to prior 800-171 assessments (which verified security was performed for CUI)
- In many cases, the security of security systems irrelevant to CUI protection
  - For example, CUI cannot be directly compromised if an NTP or MFA server is insecure only performance of one security requirement is affected
  - Requirements designed to be redundant
- DoD should amend / clarify
  - CMMC requirements only assessed against SPAs when compromise of CUI could occur if SPA compromised



# **Updated CMMC Model & Assessment Guides Initial Assessments**



- All Assets that process, handle, store CUI OR provide security for those assets must:
  - Be in-house and on-premises
  - Or use a FEDRAMP-certified Cloud Service Provider (CSP)
    - Could be "equivalent" but currently there is no equivalent
  - Includes SIEMs, Badge Logs, any security related data, ticketing systems, spam filters etc.
  - If leveraging an External Service Provider (ESP) it must be CMMC certified at the level of the company/client requires
    - This includes all Managed Service Providers (MSPs) and Managed Security Service Providers (MSSPs)



# Updated CMMC Model & Assessment Guides Some Impacts



- No company pursuing early certification can use outside help (MSP/MSSP)
  - Because no MSPs/MSSPs are certified by a 3<sup>rd</sup> party assessor
  - Will there be sufficient assessors to assess all MSPs/MSSPs needed to support DIB companies?
  - Will sufficient MSPs, MSSPs offer capabilities including SOCs and Penetration Testing teams? Will they accept the costs of pursuing CMMC certification?

#### Two big impacts

- Under the proposed guidelines, no company using an MSP/MSSP can become certified until <u>their MSP/MSSP</u> is certified
- Cost: Certification requirement likely drives large increases for consuming those services & large numbers of small cost efficient MSPs may struggle to afford certification

# Updated CMMC Model & Assessment Guides Some Impacts



- Cost—Companies might have to "rip and replace"
- Examples: One Small Business (400 people) exclusively serving Federal customers
  - Okta: Provides security for passwords & single sign on -- Keep?
  - Carbon Black: Shift to FedRAMP? Drop?
  - Firewall Cloud Console: Security and FW synchronization -- Eliminate?
  - CloudFlare: DNS protection -- Shift to NSA offering? Is it certified?
  - Badge System: Cloud based and many badge systems controlled by building landlord
  - DUO Move to FedRAMP?
  - Ticketing System Cloud based, used to meet controls
    - Move to FedRAMP? Bring on prem? Use hard copy log for CMMC?
  - Email protection/Spam filtering: In Cloud -- Eliminate?
- In the end this will reduce rather than enhance security



### Lots of churn; Focus on the basics!



#### 1. Have a Program with executable processes

- Good Programs will endure
- Cybersecurity is not one and done

#### 2. This is \*not\* easy, moderate, just the basics etc.

- 1-year implementation timeline possible but 2-year timeline better
- Assessments in spring of '25... start now!

### 3. Best place to begin: "where do I receive/process/store CUI?"

- Review your contracts
- Follow data throughout contract lifecycle
- Tracking data identifies where you must implement technical controls
- NOT IT challenge; data makes this an operational challenge
- Companies who expect IT to "fix this" will fail certification / assessment



### Lots of churn; Focus on the basics!



#### 4. Follow Assessment Objectives

- No single point causes more problems during mock assessment
- Objectives located in Assessment Guides & NIST SP 800-171A
  - A = Assessment Guide version
- Objectives ADD requirements
  - Failure to track will lead to assessment failure

#### 5. Role of Prime Contractors

- Tremendous shift in Prime supply chain approach
- Examine your T's & C's
  - Many "changing" "under the radar"
- Large Primes: please consider helping your subs
- Help Educate as you flow cybersecurity obligations down to your critical suppliers



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- Communicate with your MSPs/MSSPs/ESPs
  - Be ready for implementation of the final rule





## **Questions?**

