

CMMC 2.0 Implementation

What We Know What We Don't Know What We Think

August 9th, 2022



TODAY'S SPEAKERS





Col (Ret) Rachel McCaffrey, USAF

Senior Vice President of Membership & Chapters, NDIA Executive Director, Women In Defense



Ryan Heidorn

Co-Founder and Managing Director, Steel Root



ML Mackey

Chair, NDIA Small Business Division CEO, Beacon Interactive Systems





Background

What We Know



2021 Re-Cap



- January to October 2021
 - CMMC 1.0
 - 5 certification levels
 - Level 3: All NIST SP 800-171 110 security requirements <u>plus</u>
 <u>additional requirements</u> (130 total controls)
 - 3rd Party Assessments Required
 - Training and Certification of Assessors (limited number certified)
 - Planned Phased CMMC implementation: no more than 15 prime contracts in FY 21
 - CMMC 1.0 was run out of USD (A&S) Office of Industrial Policy



2021-2022 Re-Cap



- Nov 2021 July 2022
 - Government announced CMMC 2.0
 - 3 certification levels
 - Level 2: All NIST SP 800-171 110 security requirements; <u>no</u> <u>additional requirements</u>
 - Return to some self-assessments
 - Return to Plan of Action and Milestone process (POAM) timebound and enforceable
 - Addition of a selective, time-bound waiver process
 - CMMC 2.0 transferred to OSD CIO
 - Per McAleese and Associates:
 - HASC 2023 NDAA: "Would require USD(A&S) to provide Congressional briefing, "in which it articulates its role in DIB cybersecurity across the entirety of the organization, as well as the role played by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for MINIS Partner AWARD Industrial Base Policy".(p. 352)

Defining Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)?



- Federal Contract Information (FCI)¹ CMMC 2.0 Level 1
 - "FCI is information not intended for public release. FCI is provided by or generated for the Federal Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service."
- Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)¹ CMMC 2.0 Levels 2-3
 - "CUI and FCI share important similarities and a particularly important distinction. Both CUI and FCI include information created or collected by or for the Government, as well as information received from the Government. However, while FCI is any information that is "not intended for public release," CUI is information that requires safeguarding and may also be subject to dissemination controls. In short: All CUI in possession of a Government contractor is FCI, but not all FCI is CUI."

CMMC 2.0 Overview²



Reduced from 5 to 3 Levels:

- Level 1 (Foundational): "for companies with FCI only; information requires protection but is not critical to national security"
- Level 2 (Advanced): "for companies with CUI"
- Level 3 (Expert): "for the highest priority programs with CUI"

However, what is CUI?

- Surprisingly difficult to identify on covered contractor systems
- All indicators point to the Government and prime contractors erring on the side of over-designation



CMMC 2.0 Key Highlights²



- CMMC 2.0 removes the unique practices that CMMC 1.0 introduced, including the maturity processes. We are back to the NIST 800 series requirements.
- Self-assessments reinstated for Level 1 and some of Level 2*
- Allows for a very selective, time-bound waiver process
- Allows for limited POA&Ms: time-bound and enforceable
- The Cyber AB owns the CMMC Assessment Process (CAP); a draft of the CAP was recently released for public comment
- Voluntary assessments under the "Joint Surveillance" program commence August 2022



CMMC 2.0 Requirements



Government will require all companies handling/holding CUI to, <u>at</u> <u>minimum</u>, self-assess full compliance with NIST SP 800-171 annually

- Level 2
 - Requires compliance with all 110 NIST SP 800-171 security requirements
 - Non-prioritized acquisitions: annual self-assessment
 - Prioritized acquisitions: annual self-assessment AND triennial C3PAO assessments
- Level 3
 - Minimal information currently available
 - Expected to require compliance with all 110 NIST SP 800-171 requirements
 AND a subset of NIST SP 800-172
 - Expected to require annual self assessment and triennial government-led assessments



Rulemaking²



- Do not expect rulemaking to change the underlying requirement to implement **NIST SP 800-171**
- The DoD has already directed contracting officers to include CMMC as prescribed in 48 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Subpart 204.75. The required contract clause is DFARS 252.204-7021.
- However, nothing currently directs the DoD to do this (see 86 FR 64100), so...
- We await rulemaking in 32 CFR as the Government needs to direct itself to have CMMC in the first place
- The relevant parts of 48 CFR shall then be enforced upon DoD contract officers or may be edited or have new rules introduced as part of the rulemaking process
- During the NDIA New England Chapter's 6th annual cyber event, Stacy Bostjanick stated the Pentagon plans to publish the CMMC interim rule by May 2023.3
 - Late in the 9-to-24-month timeline offered in November 2021
 - Bostjanick also urged companies to "move forward and get that CMMC certification today"



NDIA Feedback Process



- NDIA plans to respond during the mandatory 60-day public comment period once the government releases the interim rule
 - Send comments on the interim rule to: Jacob Winn, <u>JWinn@NDIA.org</u>

What should you send?

- Company-specific information
 - What your product or service?
 - Who is your typical customer?
 - What is the challenge you are experiencing?
 - Why is it especially problematic for small business?
 - What is the biggest pain point?
- Any recommendations for mitigating the problem?
 - If you do not have a specific suggestion, please prioritize where mitigating action should initially focus





Unknowns

What We Don't Know



CMMC 2.0 Baseline Unknowns



- Government has not yet indicated the criteria for "highest priority" programs / Level 3
- Government has not yet identified the subset of the NIST SP 800-172 requirements with which companies must comply to achieve Level 3 certification
- At Level 2, which companies will need to self assess and which will need a third-party assessment?
- Government has not yet indicated the number of contracts it expects will be impacted during the 4th quarter of FY23



CMMC 2.0 Technical Unknowns



- Reciprocity with other cybersecurity standards
- NIST SP 800-171 Rev. 3 and future updates
 - NFO requirements (see Appendix E)
- Practice inheritance and involvement of external service providers
- Cloud-native environments and zero trust architecture



CMMC 2.0 Policy Unknowns



CMMC Rulemaking remains opaque...

- Financial
 - Details of DoD's cost analysis for each level of CMMC 2.0
 - How companies will report and recoup CMMC business costs
- Operational
 - How program offices will be instructed to define, classify and identify CUI
 - Whether subcontractors will require the same CMMC Level certification as a prime contractor when a program's CUI or a subset of that CUI is passed
- Regulatory
 - Will the government implement any reciprocity with other cybersecurity standards, US or Allied
- Will Congress will direct further changes during its concurrent review during the 60-day public comment period

NDIA Feedback Process



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NDIA Recommendations

What We Think



What We Think



- Government should mark CUI and define CUI requirements for each contract
 - Standardization across contracts/programs
- Government should identify threats and disseminate threat information and recommendations at the speed of relevance



Secure your networks and computers immediately!



- NDIA believes DIB companies must meet cybersecurity standards
 - Effective Cyber hygiene and security is simply good business
 - Protect your IP
 - Make yourself a "hard target"
 - Turn on notification preferences for NDIA Connect CMMC Community
 - Set email communication preferences to "Yes" for cybersecurity
- Where should companies be today?
 - Remember that CMMC is not a new requirement
 - NIST SP 800-171 first published in June 2015
 - DFARS 252.204-7012 in enforcement since December 2017
 - DoD announced CMMC in 2019
 - In 2022, all DIB companies should have implemented NIST SP 800-171
 (and be ready for CMMC Level 2)



If your company cannot meet Level 2 now



Bottom Line:

- Get compliant
- Accurately and honestly self assess (using NIST SP 800-171A)
- Be ready for third-party assessment once rules are finalized

Recommendations for businesses, especially smalls

- Start with a holistic design for full compliance rather than piecemealing security requirements. Potential for greenfield enclaves to help.
- Beware snake oil; the CMMC service provider marketplace is not being policed. The Cyber AB's RPO program does not mean the providers are qualified. **4SUS Partner Award**

NDIA is less enthusiastic about...



- ...Getting assessed now
 - Too many unknowns, the CAP is not finalized
 - DoD wants to include CMMC requirements on contracts in 4th quarter FY23
- ...Cost with limited number of assessors
 - Unfair to ask companies to pay for assessment without fully understanding all requirements
- Anticipate Government will need to provide time for 3rd party assessments once rules finalized
- However, Government expected to outline early adopter benefits soon





What is NDIA Doing?







2101 Wilson Boulevant Suite 700 Arlington, VA 22201-3060 • (703) 522-1890 • (703) 522-1885 Fay • NDIA org

November 30, 2020

Defense Acquisition Regulations System Attn: Ms. Heather Kitchens OUSD(A&S) DPC/DARS, Room 3B941 3060 Defense Pentagon Washington, DC 20301-3060

Re: Interim Rule for DFARS Case 2019-D041, Assessing Contractor Implementation of Cybersecurity Requirements

Ms. Kitchens:

We hereby submit our comments and outstanding questions on the Interim Rule for DFARS Case 2019-D041, Assessing Contractor Implementation of Cybersecurity Requirements (the "Interim Rule"). The Interim Rule will impact nearly every National Defense Industrial Association (NDIA) member. Our membership comprises small-businesses and major prime contractors that form the core of our Defense Industrial Base (DIB)

NDIA fully supports the overarching policy objectives behind Section 1648 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Pub. L. 116-92) and the vision of creating a unified cybersecurity standard for DoD acquisitions. NDIA has worked hard with our member companies, other trade associations, and the Department of Defense (DoD) to assist in the development of an Interim Rule to implement the Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification (CMMC) and DoD Assessment Methodology framework. Yet, the Interim Rule has some gaps and leaves some key questions unanswered. We hope that our comments and questions will help DoD create a Final Rule.

Duplicate Assessments

In the Interim Rule, as well as in 204.7302(a)(5) and 204.7501(c), DoD indicates that NIST SP 800-171 DoD Assessments, CMMC assessments, and other DoD assessments "will not duplicate efforts where assessments are comparable, except in rare circumstances when a re-assessment may be necessary." However, DoD does not indicate which assessments and

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Lack of ethics rules for the CMMC-AB to deter conflicts of interest

Lack of compatibility with a cloud-first world and the need for <u>reciprocity</u> between FedRAMP & CMMC

Pre-award cost allowability and recommendations for DoD to seek an appropriation to cover pre-award CMMC compliance costs

Concern about the use of scores as a competitive differentiator by contracting officers





Issue identified in NDIA'S CMMC 1.0 comment	Issues mentioned in CMMC 2.0 Strategic Intent
Duplicate assessments	Yes
POAMs	Yes
Phase-in period	Yes
Ethics	Yes
Micro-purchase threshold	No
COTS	No
CUI	No
Cost Allowability	No
Dispute resolution	No
FedRamp reciprocity	No

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Issue identified in NDIA'S CMMC 1.0 comment	Issues mentioned in CMMC 2.0 Strategic Intent
Operational Technologies	No
Trade secret protection	No
Definition of key terms	No
Non-U.S. Contractors	No
Oversight of C3PAO fees	No
Audit Standards	No





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Audit Standards	No

Issues mentioned ~ 4 ~ 4 ~ 16



NDIA's CMMC Activities



- Tracking and reporting on any/all regulatory developments
- Established and maintains CMMC Partner Comparison tool to help NDIA members find low-cost solutions for selfassessment
- Continue to engage with CMMC Program Office and other government organizations
- Aggregate and anonymize NDIA member input/concerns on interim rule—<u>will solicit corporate member input!</u>
- Conduct future webinars to discuss new developments
- Educate policymakers about the impact and advocate for rational implementation

Tracking Similar Programs Abroad



- NDIA also expects CMMC-like programs to emerge in friend/allies/partner nations
- Countries such as the United Kingdom and Canada have begun to pursue cybersecurity requirements for defense companies
- Lagging the US in terms of development and implementation
- Strong hope they borrow from final, approved CMMC requirements
- Expect CMMC compliance will ensure foreign compliance however too soon to tell
- NDIA will continue to monitor foreign regulations regarding foreign CUI-equivalents to continue to provide education and guidance



NDIA Business Institute: Upcoming Courses



Carnegie Mellon University

Software Engineering Institute

Managing for Supply Chain Resilience

September 29-30 | Virtual



MBDⁱ

Defense Systems Acquisition Management

September 12 – 16 | Arlington, VA

Mastering Business Development

September 27 – 28 | Arlington, VA



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Contact Sandra Hubbard for more info: shubbard@NDIA.ORG

Questions?





Col (Ret) Rachel McCaffrey, USAF rmccaffrey@ndia.org



Ryan Heidorn

ryan@steelroot.us LinkedIn: /in/rheidorn



ML Mackey

ml.mackey@beaconinteractive.com

Thank you for attending!

Please email Jacob Winn, JWinn@NDIA.org, with any further questions or comments on today's webinar.

Also reach out to Jacob to get involved with NDIA's Small Business Division. Their next meeting will be on August 16th.



Sources



- 1: CUI FAQs, DCSA: https://www.dcsa.mil/Portals/91/Documents/CTP/CUI/21-10-13%20CUI%20FAQ%20FINAL.pdf
- 2: See DoD's public Overview Briefing on CMMC 2.0 from December 3, 2021, for the source of this information
- 3: *Inside Cybersecurity*, "Pentagon plans to publish CMMC 'interim rule' by May 2023," by Sara Friedman: https://insidecybersecurity.com/share/13400

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